Navasota River Watershed Plan Overview

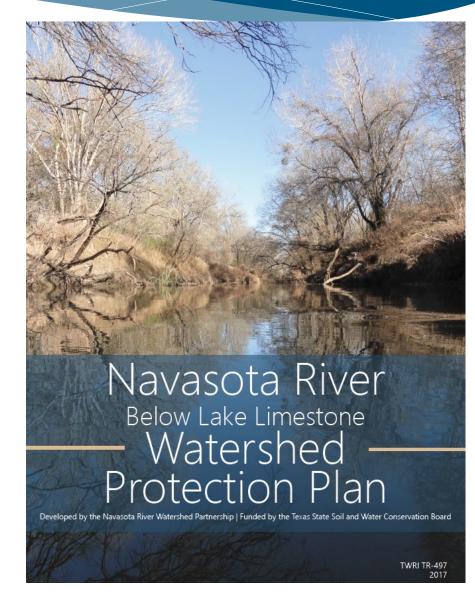
Lucas Gregory Texas Water Resources Institute December 11, 2017





WPP Accepted!

- Agency review led to plan acceptance
 - TCEQ and TSSWCB reviewed and comments addressed
- EPA reviewed and had several minor comments
 - Comments were addressed after several discussions with EPA









EPA Concerns Addressed

- Requested clarification on potential pollutant load assessment
 - Further described the approach
 - Compared/contrasted it to similar methods done previously
 - Explained why this approach was used
 - Less \$\$\$\$

- Requested additional info on adaptive management
 - Better describe the adaptive management process
 - Identify how adaptive management will be triggered
 - What data/metrics will be used
 - Water quality data

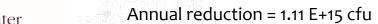






Plan is Accepted, Now What?

- Implement the Plan
 - Use the management recommendations in the WPP as a road map for implementation projects
 - Identify funding opportunities and apply for funding
 - TCEQ and TSSWCB have annual funding opportunities for implementing portions of WPPs
 - Applications typically due in late spring/early summer
 - Can fund:
 - Management items listed in the WPP
- Water quality goal:
 - To meet the applicable contact recreation standard for E. coli in terms of concentration and load





Management Strategies

- Management Approach
 - Address the sources that can be reasonably managed
 - Feral Hogs
 - Livestock
 - Human
 - Pets
- Feral hogs
 - Remove 5,524 hogs annually
 - Trap, shoot, snare, dogs
 - Fence around deer feeders to limit food access
 - Deliver education programs regarding trapping techniques and hog biology









Management Strategies

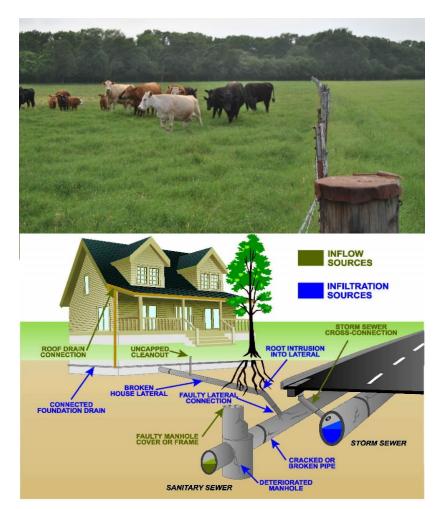
Livestock

- Goal is to modify resource usage with voluntary practice implementation
- Implement 130 plans
- Wastewater
 - OSSFs

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- Repair and replace failing systems: ~ 150 systems
- Education and outreach programs
- Centralized systems
 - Address inflow and infiltration issues





Management Strategies

- Pets & Urban Stormwater
 - Reduce dog waste not properly disposed of in the watershed
 - Information
 - Utility bill inserts
 - Signage in dog parks
 - Pet waste stations
 - Keep them stocked and maintained









Expected Load Reductions

● Annual reduction goal is 1.11 E+15 cfu

Management Measure	Expected <i>E. coli</i> Load Reduction
Agricultural Management Measures	
Water Quality Management Plans (TSSWCB/Local SWCDs)	
Conservation Plans (NRCS)	1.83 x 10 ¹⁵ cfu/year
Livestock Management Education and Outreach	
Feral Hog Management	
Feral Hog Removal	
Supplemental Feeding Exclosures	3.49 x 10 ¹⁵ cfu/year
Feral Hog Education and Outreach Programming	
OSSF Management	
OSSF Repair and Replacement	
OSSF Owner Education and Outreach	1.05 x 10 ¹⁵ cfu/year
OSSF Installer and Service Provider Education and Outreach	
Urban Stormwater Management	
Dog Waste Management and Disposal	
Dog Waste Management Education and Outreach	4.84 x 10 ¹⁵ cfu/year
General Stormwater Management Education and Outreach	







Plan Implementation

- Schedule
 - 3 implementation windows
 - \bullet Yrs 1 3; 4 6; 7 10
- Milestones
 - Numeric implementation targets
 - Livestock plans
 - OSSF repairs/replacements and inspections
- Ultimate goal
 - Reduce E. coli content in water bodies





Next Steps

- Develop project proposals that implement management practices described in the WPP
- Target specific sources of funding
- Get applications turned in
- Begin projects when funding arrives











Questions or Comments about the WPP?

Removing Impairment Status

- WPP development and acceptance did not/will not result in removal of the impaired status designation
- Most effective tool for that is to develop a Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL)
 - Components already defined in the WPP
- TMDLs also require an associated Implementation Plan
 - VERY similar to the WPP
- Decision to take this approach was made in earlier meetings





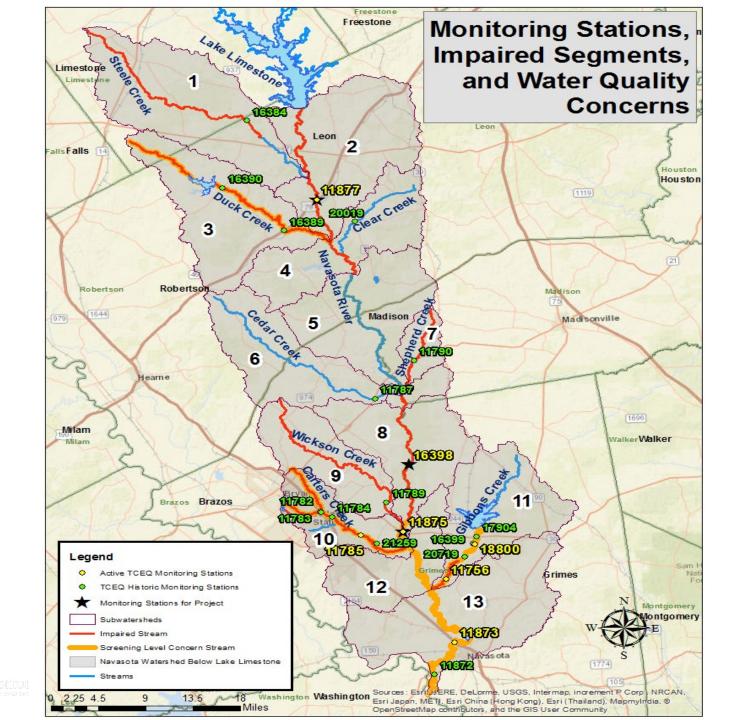
Removing Impairment Status: Developing the TMDL

- Develop the draft TMDL
 - TMDL only on Navasota River
 - Not tributaries RUAA result pending
- Stakeholders approve the draft TMDL
- Draft TMDL delivered to TCEQ for review

- Revise TMDL based on TCEQ feedback
 - Stakeholder approval of revisions
- Resubmit to TCEQ for approval
- EPA will review and approve as well







Removing Impairment Status: Develop the Implementation Plan

- Implementation Plan is description of management recommendations needed/planned to meet the TMDL(s)
 - Items are voluntary for non-permitted items
 - Only things that would be regulatory are revisions to permits
 - (Not applicable in this case)
- Essentially extract content from the WPP and repackage it in the I-Plan form
- Stakeholders review and approve the draft I-Plan





Removing Impairment Status: Develop the Implementation Plan

- Deliver stakeholders approved draft I-Plan to TCEQ for review
- Receive and address TCEQ comments on draft I-Plan
- Stakeholders approve revised I-Plan
- Deliver to TCEQ for final approval
 - ***EPA does not review or approve I-Plans***





Developing the TMDL and I-Plan

- How much do y'all want to revisit the content of the TMDL and I-Plan?
- TMDL Load duration curves and the definition of the needed load reduction to meet the water quality goal
 - Only for impaired segments on the Navasota proper
- Implementation Plan management recommendations already included in the WPP
 - Or others if so desired





Timeline Moving Forward

- Draft TMDL presented to stakeholders
 - Early 2018
 - Revise TMDL based on stakeholder comments
- Final draft TMDL presented to stakeholder for approval
 - Spring 2018
- Draft TMDL I-Plan presented to stakeholders
 - Spring 2018
 - Revise I-Plan based on stakeholder comments
- Final draft TMDL presented to stakeholders for approval
 - Early summer 2018











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